UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

EDIBERTO ROMEO RAMIREZ ESTRADA,

Plaintiff,

-against-

1:23-cv-05904 (JLR)

B & S ZEEMAN, INC., et al.,

Defendants.

<u>ORDER</u>

JENNIFER L. ROCHON, United States District Judge:

The Mediation Office has notified the Court that mediation was unsuccessful. IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that, to conserve resources, to promote judicial efficiency, and in an effort to achieve a faster disposition of this matter, that the parties must discuss whether they are willing to consent, under 28 U.S.C. § 636(c), to conducting all further proceedings before Magistrate Judge Aaron.

If both parties consent to proceed before Magistrate Judge Aaron, they must, within two weeks of the date of this Order, submit to the Court a fully executed Notice, Consent, and Reference of a Civil Action to a Magistrate Judge form, a copy of which is attached to this Order (and also available at https://nysd.uscourts.gov/forms/consent-proceed-us-magistrate-judge). If the Court approves that form, all further proceedings will then be conducted before Magistrate Judge Aaron rather than before this Court. Any appeal would be taken directly to the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit, as it would be from this Court if the consent form were not signed and so ordered. An information sheet on proceedings before magistrate judges is also attached to this Order.

Case 1:23-cv-05904-JLR Document 21 Filed 11/22/23 Page 2 of 4

Additionally, it is FURTHER HEREBY ORDERED that if any party does not consent to

be referred to the Magistrate Judge, the parties shall consider requesting a settlement conference

before the Magistrate Judge.

If any party does not consent to conducting all further proceedings before the Magistrate

Judge, the parties must file a joint letter, within two weeks of the date of this Order, advising

the Court that the parties do not consent, but without disclosing the identity of the party or

parties who do not consent. No adverse consequences will result from the withholding of that

consent. In that joint letter, the parties shall also advise the Court whether they request a referral

to a settlement conference.

The parties are reminded that, in most cases, settlements of claims under the FLSA must

be approved by the Court. See Cheeks v. Freeport Pancake House, Inc., 796 F.3d 199 (2d Cir.

2015).

Dated: November 22, 2023

New York, New York

SO ORDERED.

United States District Judge

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Plaintiff V.)) Civil Action No.)	
Defendant)	
NOTICE, CONSENT, AND REFEREN	CE OF A CIVIL ACTION TO A MAGISTRAT	ГЕ JUDGE
Notice of a magistrate judge's availability. all proceedings in this civil action (including a jury of may then be appealed directly to the United States of may exercise this authority only if all parties voluments.	ourt of appeals like any other judgment of this court	ment. The judgment
You may consent to have your case referred substantive consequences. The name of any party w be involved with your case.	to a magistrate judge, or you may withhold your corrithholding consent will not be revealed to any judge	
Consent to a magistrate judge's authority. conduct all proceedings in this case including trial,	The following parties consent to have a United Stathe entry of final judgment, and all post-trial process.	ates magistrate judge eedings.
Printed names of parties and attorneys	Signatures of parties or attorneys	Dates
IT IS ORDERED: This case is referred to order the entry of a final judgment in accordance w	Reference Order o a United States magistrate judge to conduct all provided the Provided Prov	roceedings and
Date:	District Judge's signature	
	Printed name and title	

Reset

Return this form to the clerk of court only if you are consenting to the exercise of jurisdiction by a United States

Print Save As...

magistrate judge. Do not return this form to a judge.



UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGES: REFERRALS AND CONSENTS

All cases in the Southern District of New York are assigned to two judges: a district judge and a magistrate judge. District judges are appointed for life terms by the President. Magistrate judges are selected by a majority vote of the district judges in the particular district and serve terms of eight years.

Referrals to the Magistrate Judge. The district judge assigned to your case may refer the case to a magistrate judge for specific purposes. Commonly, the referral will be for the magistrate judge to conduct the proceedings that occur before trial, such as resolving discovery disputes or presiding over settlement conferences. A referral may also be made for the magistrate judge to issue to the district judge a report and recommendation on how to resolve a motion, such as a motion to dismiss or a motion for summary judgment. The consent of the parties is not needed for the district judge to refer the case to the magistrate judge for these purposes. If the district judge has made such a referral, you can ask the district judge to review any magistrate judge's decision by filing an objection with the district judge within fourteen days of that decision. The district judge will rule on any timely objections that you file. If you do not file an objection, you will give up your right to challenge the magistrate judge's decision at a later time, including on appeal. See Rule 72 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Consent to Proceed Before the Magistrate Judge. If you would like your case to move more quickly, it is helpful to consent to proceed before the magistrate judge for all purposes, including any trial. If all parties consent, the magistrate judge will perform the identical function that the district judge would have performed. Any trial in your case would be either a jury or a nonjury trial, depending upon whether there is a right to a jury trial and a proper request for such a trial. The only difference is that the magistrate judge – and not the district judge – would preside over that trial. Cases that proceed for all purposes before a magistrate judge generally move more quickly than cases before a district judge. If all parties consent to proceed before the magistrate judge, the district judge plays no further role in the case. Any appeal is taken directly to the Court of Appeals. It is your choice whether or not to consent to proceed before the magistrate judge.

A copy of the appropriate consent form is attached. Additional forms are also available from the Pro Se Intake Unit and on the Court's website.